

# Fidelity Japan Trust PLC

28.02.2023 Monthly Factsheet

## Investment Objective

The Company aims to achieve long term capital growth by investing predominantly in equities and their related securities of Japanese companies.

## **Investment Trust Facts**

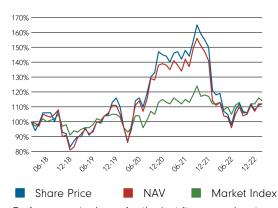
Launch date:	15.03.94
Portfolio manager:	Nicholas Price
Appointed to trust:	01.09.15
Years at Fidelity:	30
Total Net Assets (TNA):	£ 246m
Ordinary shares in Issue:	129,456,693
Share price:	171.50p
NAV:	190.11p
Discount:	9.79%
Gross Market Gearing:	23.5%
Net Market Gearing:	23.5%

## **Performance Comparator**

Market Index: Tokyo Stock Index

The same index is used in the positioning tables on this factsheet. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. The value of investments can go down as well as up and you may get back less than you invested.

# Cumulative performance in GBP (%)



Performance is shown for the last five years (or since launch for funds launched within that period).

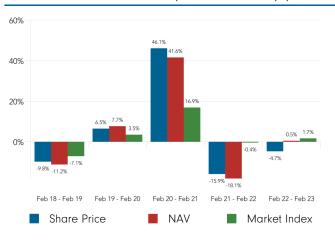
# Portfolio Manager Commentary

The Trust recorded NAV returns of 0.5% over the 12 months to February 2023, underperforming the reference index, which returned 1.7%. The discount to NAV widened over the same period and the Trust's share price returned -4.7%.

Style headwinds worked against performance at times, as moves toward monetary tightening in the US and Europe spurred a rotation into value and weighed on growth stocks. In this environment, holdings in software and internet services companies were among the most significant detractors. The underweight exposure to certain value-oriented segments of the market, most notably banks, weighed on relative returns. On a positive note, domestic reopening names and under covered small caps were among the strongest performers.

Inflation surprises have driven market expectations for the pace of interest rate hikes by the US Fed. As economic activity weakens, however, bond yields are likely to be restrained by lower levels of growth. If the view that long-term rates have peaked gains traction, this would help to put a floor under equity markets. It would also support a bottoming out in growth stocks, and we would expect names that performed poorly in 2022 to come back quite strongly. Against this backdrop, there is the potential for beaten-up technology stocks to start performing again, especially as earnings disappointments are coming out as we approach the trough of the cycle.

## Performance for 12 month periods in GBP (%)



# Performance to 28.02.23 in GBP (%)

	1m	3m	YTD	1yr	3yr	5yr	Since 15.03.94*
Share Price Cumulative Growth	0.9	0.3	4.1	-4.7	17.1	12.5	90.6
NAV Cumulative Growth	-0.8	0.3	4.3	0.5	16.6	11.5	98.5
Index Cumulative Growth	-2.0	1.4	1.5	1.7	18.5	13.9	95.3
Share Price Annualised Growth	-	-	-	-	5.4	2.4	2.3
NAV Annualised Growth	-	-	-	-	5.3	2.2	2.4
Index Annualised Growth	-	-	-	-	5.8	2.6	2.3

Basis: bid-bid with income reinvested, in GBP, net of fees.

Market indices are sourced from RIMES and other data is sourced from third-party providers such as Morningstar.

# Key Risks

The value of investments can go down as well as up and you may not get back the amount invested. Overseas investments may be more volatile than established markets. The shares in the investment trust are listed on the London Stock Exchange and their price is affected by supply and demand. The investment trust can gain additional exposure to the market, known as gearing, potentially increasing volatility.

<sup>\*</sup>Performance commencement date.

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# Equity Exposure % Total Net Assets (% TNA)

	Exposure (% TNA)
Gross Market Exposure	123.5
Net Equity	123.5
Other	0.0
Uninvested Cash	0.0

Notes on Portfolio Construction and a description of how data is calculated and presented are on page 3. Definitions of the terms used in the Equity Exposure table are in the Glossary.

# Sector/Industry Exposure (% TNA)

TPX Sector	Net	Index	Relative
Electric Appliances	20.5	17.3	3.2
Chemicals	15.1	6.1	9.0
Information & Communication	14.3	8.7	5.7
Services	13.2	5.2	8.1
Wholesale Trade	11.7	6.0	5.7
Retail Trade	11.2	4.5	6.7
Machinery	7.0	5.4	1.6
Foods	4.7	3.4	1.3
Other Products	4.3	2.2	2.1
Metal Products	3.1	0.6	2.6
Other Sectors	10.8	40.6	-29.8
Total Sector Exposure	116.1	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	7.4	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	123.5	100.0	

# Market Capitalisation Exposure (% TNA)

GBP	Net	Index	Relative
>10bn	20.0	62.9	-42.8
5-10bn	9.2	12.1	-2.9
1-5bn	50.5	17.0	33.5
0-1bn	36.4	8.0	28.4
Total Market Cap Exposure	116.1	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	7.4	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	123.5	100.0	

## Country Exposure (% TNA)

Japan	<b>Net</b> 123.5	Index 100.0	Relative 23.5
Total Country Exposure Other Index / Unclassified	<b>123.5</b> 0.0	<b>100.0</b> 0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	123.5	100.0	

# Top Net Long Positions (% TNA)

	TPX Sector	Country	Net	Index	Relative
MISUMI GROUP INC	Wholesale Trade	Japan	7.3	0.2	7.1
NOF CORP	Chemicals	Japan	7.0	0.1	6.9
KEYENCE CORP	Electric Appliances	Japan	5.1	2.1	3.1
TOKYO ELECTRON LTD	Electric Appliances	Japan	5.0	1.2	3.8
ORIENTAL LAND CO LTD	Services	Japan	4.2	0.8	3.4
Ryohin Keikaku co Ltd	Retail Trade	Japan	4.0	0.1	4.0
HARMONIC DRIVE SYSTEMS INC	Machinery	Japan	3.5	0.0	3.5
MITSUI HIGH-TEC INC.	Electric Appliances	Japan	3.2	0.0	3.2
osaka soda co ltd	Chemicals	Japan	3.0	0.0	3.0
TSUBURAYA FIELDS HOLDINGS INC	Wholesale Trade	Japan	2.8	0.0	2.8

# Top Overweight Positions (% TNA)

	Net	Index	Relative
MISUMI GROUP INC	7.3	0.2	7.1
NOF CORP	7.0	0.1	6.9
RYOHIN KEIKAKU CO LTD	4.0	0.1	4.0
TOKYO ELECTRON LTD	5.0	1.2	3.8
HARMONIC DRIVE SYSTEMS INC	3.5	0.0	3.5
ORIENTAL LAND CO LTD	4.2	8.0	3.4
MITSUI HIGH-TEC INC.	3.2	0.0	3.2
KEYENCE CORP	5.1	2.1	3.1
OSAKA SODA CO LTD	3.0	0.0	3.0
TSUBURAYA FIELDS HOLDINGS INC	2.8	0.0	2.8

# Net Long Positions Concentration (% TNA)

	Fund	Index
Top 10	45.1	18.8
Top 20	68.5	29.4
Top 50	103.8	48.3

# Top Underweight Positions (% TNA)

	Net	Index	Relative
TOYOTA MOTOR CORP	0.0	3.6	-3.6
SONY GROUP CORP	0.0	2.8	-2.8
MITSUBISHI UFJ FIN GRP INC	0.0	2.1	-2.1
NIPPON TELEG & TEL CORP	0.0	1.8	-1.8
SUMITOMO MITSUI FINL GRP INC	0.0	1.5	-1.5
DAIICHI SANKYO CO LTD	0.0	1.3	-1.3
TAKEDA PHARMACEUTICAL CO LTD	0.0	1.3	-1.3
HITACHI LTD	0.0	1.2	-1.2
NINTENDO CO LTD	0.0	1.1	-1.1
SOFTBANK GROUP CORP	0.0	1.1	-1.1

Full portfolio listings, with the appropriate time lag as agreed by the Board, are available on request from Fidelity Investment Trusts. Figures may not always sum to totals due to rounding



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# Approach and Style

Fidelity Japan Trust PLC seeks to add value through detailed research. Fidelity's proprietary research forms the cornerstone of the investment process and drives the Trust manager's bottom-up stock selection approach. He works closely with sector analysts, as well as our dedicated small-cap analysts, and is also able to call upon Fidelity's global research network. The portfolio manager favours companies with superior mid- to long-term earnings growth potential, competent management focused on raising shareholder returns and attractive absolute and relative valuations. The manager also assesses the following: business strategies; technical and/or operational advantages; competitive position. While the trust is free to invest across a wide range of industries, sector allocation is a direct result of the manager's bottom-up stock selection.

## Administrative & Dealing Information

Financial Year End: Reference currency: Company domicile: Company legal structure: Capital guarantee: ISIN:

SEDOL: Bloomberg:

Distribution frequency:

Charges made to income or capital: Other Ongoing Costs (including AMC/excluding Portfolio transaction costs):

Portfolio Transaction Costs:

Annual Management Charge:

31st December UK Sterling (GBP) United Kingdom Investment Trust No GB0003328555 0332855 FJV LN Annual 20/80

0.94% 0.59

0.70% (net assets) +/- 0.20% (based on performance relative to the Market Index)

Last VMF adjustment (+/- 0.2%) applied at month end:

-0.14%

## Independent Assessment

Information in this section is the latest available at date of publication. Further details can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet. As some ratings agencies may use past performance to produce their assessments, these are not a reliable indicator of future results.

# Morningstar Style Box ® Large Medium Small Melle glend continue

 $Morning star\ rating ^{\text{\tiny TM}}$ 

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## Portfolio Construction - Explained

This factsheet contains information about the composition of the fund at a particular point in time. It aims to help you understand how the fund manager is positioned to achieve the fund's objectives.

The Equity Exposure table provides an overall view of the fund. Net Equity represents - in percentage terms - how much of the fund is invested in the market, netting off long and short positions. The higher the figure, the more the fund will take part in any market rises (or falls). It is important to note that Net Equity can be greater than 100% (for example if the manager is using derivative contracts) and when it is, the portfolio may be described as geared.

The exposure and positioning tables on page 2 break the fund down into a number of different views, each providing a different perspective on the fund's investments.

# How data is calculated and presented

Portfolio composition data has been calculated and presented according to several general principles, which are listed below.

- **Aggregation**: all investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage holding for each company. The aggregate holding is referred to in this factsheet as a position. Where a company is listed in two separate countries, each listing may be classified as a separate issuing company. Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and derivatives on ETFs are treated as individual securities ie not aggregated.
- **Categorisation**: for investments that have underlying securities we use the attributes of the underlying issuing company or common share to determine the appropriate sector, market capitalisation band and geographic area.
- **Derivatives:** all derivatives are included on an exposure basis and, where necessary, are delta-adjusted. Delta-adjusting expresses derivatives in terms of the equivalent number of shares that would be needed to generate the same return.
- "Basket" securities: securities that represent a number of company shares like index futures or options are allocated to categories (such as country) whenever possible. Otherwise they are included in the "Other Index / Unclassified" category.



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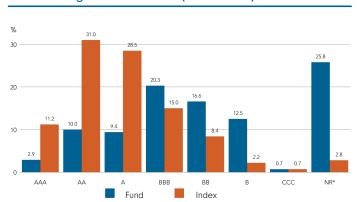
#### **ESG Metrics**

The factsheet is a snapshot of the portfolio at the date indicated above. ESG ratings distribution may vary over time. Representation of this data is for informational purposes only. If the SFDR classification is shown as 6 below then this fund does not promote environmental or social characteristics nor does it have a sustainable investment objective. If it is shown as 8, the fund promotes environmental or social characteristics. If it is shown as 9, the fund has a sustainable investment objective. Product-specific information can be found on our website at www.fidelityinternational.com

## Sustainability Characteristics (28.02.2023)

	Fund	Index
MSCI ESG Fund Rating (AAA-CCC)	Α	N/R
Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (tCo2e/\$M Revenue)	55.7	90.1
Carbon Footprint (tCO2/\$M Invested)	37.4	220.2
SFDR Classification	N/A	N/A

## MSCI Ratings Distribution % (28.02.2023)



ESG Fund rating based on holding as at 31.10.22 with 76.6% security coverage. Carbon intensity and carbon footprint data based on holdings as at 28.02.23 with 85.2% security coverage

## Glossary

MSCI ESG Fund Rating: This shows the fund's ESG rating based on the Quality Scores given to the fund by MSCI. This ranges from AAA, AA (Leader), A, BBB, BB (Average) to B, CCC (Laggard). To be included in MSCI ESG Fund Ratings, 65% of the fund's gross weight must come from covered securities (and excluding cash), the fund's holdings date must be less than one year old and the fund must have at least ten securities.

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity: is calculated as the sum of each portfolio weight multiplied by the Co2e per \$M of Revenue of each holding. This metric provides a snapshot of the fund's exposure to carbon-intensive companies and includes scope 1 and scope 2 carbon emissions. For carbon data, the coverage of underlying securities must be over 50% for data to be shown.

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Carbon Footprint: Provides a normalized snapshot of the funds contribution to carbon emissions.

SFDR Classification: Shows the classification given to each fund as part of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR). Article 9 funds aim to achieve an ESG outcome and are products with ESG objectives. Article 8 funds focus on promoting ESG characteristics and this must be a primary focus of the product. Article 6 funds integrate sustainability risks into investment analysis and decision-making, without the funds promoting environmental or social characteristics or having sustainable investments as their objective.

MSCI Ratings Distribution: This shows the percentage distribution of ESG ratings in the fund, based on the Net Asset Value of holdings excluding cash, liquidity funds, derivatives and Exchange Traded Funds.

#### Disclaimer

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reported. SFDR Classification is assigned by Fidelity in line with the EU Sustainable Financial Disclosure Regulation



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## Glossary / Additional Notes

#### **Equity Exposure notes**

#### **GROSS MARKET EXPOSURE**

Gross Market Exposure is the total of long exposures, plus the total of short exposures, and less the total of exposures hedging the portfolio, expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds (Total Net Assets).

#### **NET EQUITY**

The net positive exposure to the market with short and hedge positions subtracted from long positions.

#### **OTHER**

The value of any non-equity investments (excluding cash funds) expressed as a percentage of TNA.

#### **UNINVESTED CASH**

This is 100% minus the fund's Net Equity exposure and minus Other. This leaves any residual cash exposure that is not invested in shares or via derivatives.

#### Investment Trust Facts

#### NAV

The total value of a company's assets less the total value of its liabilities is its net asset value (NAV). For valuation purposes it is common to divide net assets by the number of shares in issue to give the net assets per share. NAV calculations can include or exclude current financial year income. For the purposes of this factsheet, they are valued with assets including income and costs and with debt valued at the market.

#### **PREMIUM**

If the share price of an investment company is higher than the net asset value (NAV) per share, the company is said to be trading at a premium. The premium is shown as a percentage of the NAV.

#### DISCOUNT

If the share price of an investment company is lower than the net asset value (NAV) per share, the company is said to be trading at a discount. The discount is shown as a percentage of the NAV.

## GEARING

Gearing is the Market Exposure figure (either gross or net) expressed in excess of Total Net Assets. It represents the additional exposure to the market above Shareholders' Funds.

#### FAIR VALUE

The fair value of investments is initially taken to be their cost and is subsequently measured as follows: Listed investments are valued at bid prices, or last market prices, depending on the convention of the exchange on which they are listed; and

Unlisted investments are investments which are not quoted, or are not frequently traded, are stated at the Directors' best estimate of fair value and take account of the cost of the investment, recent arm's length transactions in the same or similar investments and financial performance of the investment since purchase.

### General notes

## TOTAL NET ASSETS (TNA)

The Company's total assets minus its total liabilities - also known as Shareholders' Funds. It represents the amount by which a company is financed through common and preferred shares.

#### INDEX

The index used in the positioning tables on page 2 is the index defined in the Performance Comparator section on page 1.

#### TOP NET LONG POSITIONS

Those companies in which the largest percentages of the trust's total net assets are effectively invested. Positions in other funds – including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear.

#### TOP OVERWEIGHT & UNDERWEIGHT POSITIONS

Those positions which have the largest active weight relative to the index. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear. In the underweight table, any short position names have been withheld in line with Fidelity's disclosure policy.

## NET LONG POSITIONS CONCENTRATION

Illustrates the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the trust and the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the index. It does not attempt to show the coincidence of security ownership between fund and index. The sector/industry classification used (i.e. GICS, ICB, TOPIX and IPD) varies by fund. Full descriptions can be found below.



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## Glossary / Additional Notes

## ONGOING COSTS (KID)

These include Portfolio transaction costs (the costs of us buying and selling underlying investments) and Other ongoing costs (the costs that we take each year for managing the investment).

These are based on the methodology prescribed by EU Regulation (PRIIPS) and differ from other presentations of costs such as the Ongoing Charge Figure (OCF) in the Company's Annual Report & Accounts.

#### PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS

These are costs incurred when trading underlying investments.

#### SECTOR INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION

GICS: Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was developed by Standard & Poor's and MSCI Barra. GICS consists of 11 sectors, 24 industry groups, 68 industries and 157 sub-industries.

More information is available at http://www.standardandpoors.com/indices/gics/en/us

ICB: The Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB) is an industry classification developed by Dow Jones and FTSE. It is used to segregate markets into sectors within the macroeconomy. The ICB uses a system of 10 industries, partitioned into 20 supersectors, which are further divided into 41 sectors, which then contain 114 subsectors.

More information is available at http://www.icbenchmark.com/

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