

The Diverse Income Trust plc

Objective

To provide shareholders with an attractive and growing level of dividends coupled with capital growth over the long term.

Awards and ratings



Ratings are not a recommendation. Please see page 4 for further information.

Key facts

Net assets	£364.7m
Shares in issue	355,870,647
Gearing	0.00%
Share Price	93.00p
NAV	102.48p
Premium/(Discount)	(9.25%)
Domicile	United Kingdom
Launch date	28 Apr 2011
Reporting dates	Final - 31 May Interim - 30 Nov
ISA eligible	Yes
AIC sector	UK Equity Income

Performance comparators

Numis All-Share Index
 Numis Smaller Companies + AIM (ex ICs)

Trust managers



Gervais Williams
 Joined Premier Miton
Mar 2011
 Manager since
Apr 2011



Martin Turner
 Joined Premier Miton
May 2011
 Manager since
Apr 2011

Directors

Andrew Bell (Chairman), Charles Crole,
 Calum Thomson, Michelle McGrade, Caroline
 Kemsley-Pein

Fund codes

ISIN	GB00B65TLW28
SEDOL	B65TLW2
Bloomberg	DIVI LN

Manager commentary

Stock markets have been unsettled over 2022, and were weak again in June. Over recent months, the accelerating rise in short term interest rates is expected to slow global demand, and potentially initiate a period of demand destruction, via a global recession. As forthcoming demand moderates, we fear there may be a decline in corporate profitability, either due to a competitive price war to retain customers, or due to sales disappointments.

Despite giant challenges to the stock market participants over recent decades, generally financial conditions haven't deteriorated as seriously as might be expected for any length of time, due to major liquidity injections from central banks and governments. In contrast with this slowdown, companies may now be facing the most severe cash shortage for three decades, given the ongoing rise in interest rates, and the price wars and sales disappointments they may precipitate.

One of the advantages of an equity income portfolio is that during weak stock markets its dividend yield can rise (assuming its income is sustained) and this can be attractive to a wider range of investors.

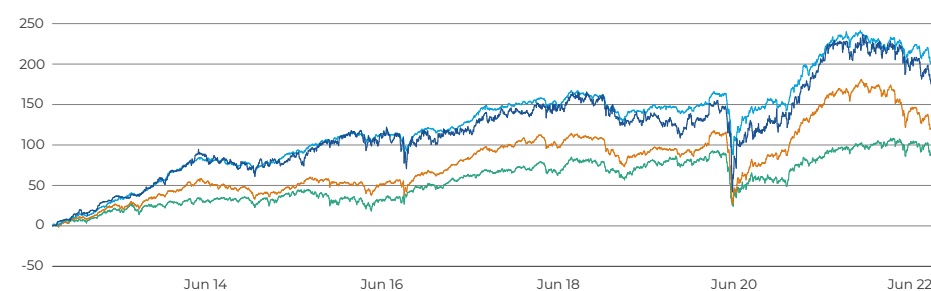
US dollar strength can favour the very largest UK quoted companies because typically these larger UK companies often derive the vast majority of their earnings from overseas. Meanwhile, many companies listed on the Alternative Investment Market (AIM) remain overlooked, and interest has been further tempered by the domestic political circus.

This means that a major valuation gap has developed between the mainstream companies and some of the smaller market capitalisation companies. The same pattern has sometimes occurred in the past. There may be any number of reasons that catalyse a period of performance catch-up for the Diverse Income Trust. When this potential is combined with all the other advantages of the strategy, we consider the Trust's prospects continue to remain attractive despite the unsettled stock markets, over both the short and longer term timeframes.

Gervais Williams & Martin Turner

30.06.2022

Performance over 10 years (%)



Cumulative performance (%)	1m	3m	1y	3y	5y	10y
Share price	-8.85	-11.85	-17.68	15.32	13.97	166.56
NAV	-6.49	-5.45	-10.02	21.72	23.09	195.71
Numis All-Share Index	-6.27	-6.60	-1.79	5.53	15.88	90.73
Numis Smaller Companies + AIM (ex ICs)	-9.39	-12.34	-19.03	10.08	11.12	113.79

Calendar year performance (%)	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	YTD
Share price	16.97	-7.69	6.94	8.60	19.49	-17.30
NAV	17.46	-8.37	12.51	7.57	15.78	-8.89
Numis All-Share Index	14.42	-9.61	18.83	-7.88	17.07	-7.07
Numis Smaller Companies + AIM (ex ICs)	21.89	-15.84	22.16	4.93	20.03	-21.45

Discrete annual performance (%)	30.06.17	29.06.18	28.06.19	30.06.20	30.06.21	30.06.22
	Share price	7.74	-8.27	-5.43	48.13	-17.68
NAV	8.34	-6.66	-1.56	37.43	-10.02	
Numis All-Share Index	9.53	0.25	-12.71	23.11	-1.79	
Numis Smaller Companies + AIM (ex ICs)	8.80	-7.22	-10.74	52.32	-19.03	

Source of performance data: Morningstar, at 30.06.2022, net income reinvested, bid to bid basis, Index on a total return basis. ©2022 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. The information contained herein; is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; may not be copied or redistributed; and is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information.

Key risks: The value of investments may fluctuate which will cause fund prices to fall as well as rise and investors may not get the original amount invested. The performance information presented on this page relates to the past. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Reference to any stock or fund is not a recommendation for investment purposes. More information about the risks of investment is provided later in this document.

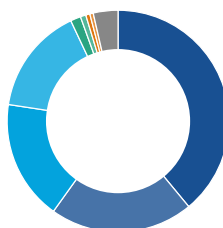


Portfolio breakdown

Top 20 holdings (%)

i3 Energy plc	3.2
Kenmare Resources plc	2.5
CMC Markets plc	2.4
Drax Group plc	2.2
K3 Capital Group plc	2.0
iEnergizer Ltd	2.0
Savannah Energy	1.9
Man Group plc	1.8
National Grid plc	1.8
FRP Advisory Group plc	1.6
XPS Pensions Group	1.5
BT Group plc	1.5
Legal & General Group plc	1.4
Phoenix Group Holdings plc	1.4
Aferian plc	1.4
Tesco plc	1.4
888 Holdings plc	1.3
Mears Group	1.3
Galliford Try	1.3
CT Automotive Group	1.2

Index weighting (%)



FTSE AIM	39.0
FTSE 100	20.9
FTSE Small Cap	17.5
FTSE 250	15.6
UK-listed non-indexed shares	1.5
FTSE 100 Put Option	0.8
Other	0.6
FTSE Fledgling	0.5
Cash	3.6

Income

Historic yield 4.09%

The historic yield reflects the distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the trust price as at the date shown. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.

The yield is not guaranteed and will fluctuate.

Expected payment dates Feb, May, Aug, Nov

Income distribution (pence per share)

Total income distributions in each of the trust's last 6 financial years.

	1st Interim	2nd Interim	3rd Interim	Final	Total
2022	0.90p	0.90p	0.90p	-	2.70p
2021	0.85p	0.90p	0.90p	1.10p	3.75p
2020	0.85p	0.90p	0.90p	1.05p	3.70p
2019	0.80p	0.85p	0.90p	1.26p	3.81p
2018	0.75p	0.80p	0.85p	1.23p	3.63p
2017	0.70p	0.70p	0.80p	1.20p	3.40p

Charges

Ongoing charges figure (OCF) 1.06%
as at 31.05.2021

The ongoing charges figure (OCF) is not the same as the ongoing costs figure set out in the Company's key information document. The key differences are that gearing costs and portfolio transaction costs are not included in the OCF. In addition costs are calculated on slightly different bases. The OCF figure set out above mirrors that in the Report and Accounts and is based on costs incurred in the year which are likely to recur in the foreseeable future. The ongoing costs figures in the key information document provide investors with the impact costs have had on returns averaged over the five year recommended holding period.

*Management fee on market capitalisation

Fund management fees are tiered and calculated based on the share price, so may vary in each year. With effect from 1 August 2019, the Manager received a management fee of 0.9% per annum on the adjusted market capitalisation of the trust up to £300m, 0.8% per annum on the average market capitalisation between £300 and £500m and then 0.7% per annum on the average market capitalisation above £500m.



General risks

All types of investment carry a degree of risk. It is possible you could lose some, or all, of the money you invest. The level of risk varies depending on the type of investment.

Typically, you are less likely to lose money over the long term from an investment that is considered low risk, although potential returns may also be lower. Investments considered higher risk typically offer greater opportunities for better long-term returns, though the risk of losing money is also likely to be higher.

When you invest, it is important that you understand the risk to your money and are comfortable with that level of risk. If you are unsure, we would recommend that you consult a financial adviser.

Past performance of an investment is not an indication of how it will perform in the future. The value of your investment and any income generated by your investment can go down as well as up, and you could get back less than you invested.

The value of your investment might not keep up with any rise in the cost of living.

You could lose money if financial markets fall. There is no guarantee that the investment objective of the trust will be achieved.

The levels of taxation that apply to income or capital gains from the trust, including any tax relief that may be available, will depend on your personal tax situation.

Trusts with similar objectives may not perform in the same way as they are likely to have different holdings or hold different amounts of the same investment.

Performance will be affected by investment decisions made by the fund managers.

Other risks

Some of the main specific risks of investing in this trust are summarised here.

Derivative

A contract whose value is based on the change in price of a specific asset or index. When derivatives are used within a trust, it doesn't necessarily increase risk. However, price changes in the underlying asset can translate into big swings in the value of derivatives (up and down), which has a direct effect on the value of the trust.

Equities

Equities (shares) can experience high levels of price fluctuation.

Geographic concentration

Trusts that have a strong focus on a particular country or region can carry a higher risk than trusts with a more diversified portfolio.

Hedging

A hedge is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price. It can also act as a limit on potential gains if the investment that has been hedged increases in value.

Inflation

Higher inflation can lead to some investments falling in value, particularly those

with a fixed level of interest, for example government bonds and corporate bonds.

Infrastructure

Investments are often in large-scale projects whose profitability can be affected by supply problems or rising prices for raw materials or natural resources. Changes in the wider economy and government regulation can also have a significant influence.

Interest rate

Changes in central bank interest rates can affect all types of assets, in particular, securities such as government bonds and corporate bonds that generally offer a fixed level of interest. If interest rates go up, the value of a bond may fall, and vice versa.

Legal and tax

The income or capital gains from investments can sometimes be affected by changes in legal and tax regulations or how these rules are applied.

Liquidity

In some instances, for example, when market conditions generally are difficult, holdings in a trust may be difficult to sell and buy at the desired price. The trust value could fall as a result.

Operational

Processes, systems and controls around your investment might fail. The more complex or unusual the investments that the trust holds, the more likely this is to happen. For example, developing markets may have less reliable systems or lower standards of governance than more developed markets.

Property and Real Estate Investment Trusts

Property values can rise and fall sharply depending on the strength of a country's economy.

Put-options

A type of derivative. Put-options can be used for a number of reasons. For example, they can be used to protect the value of an underlying investment or group of investments against a fall in value. They can be thought of as an insurance policy. These can make a trust more volatile from time to time.

Smaller companies

Investment in smaller companies is typically higher risk than investment in larger companies. Shares in smaller companies can experience greater levels of volatility.



Ratings, awards and other information

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Glossary

Annual management charge (AMC)

The yearly fee paid to Premier Miton for managing a fund, expressed as a percentage of your investment. The AMC does not typically change from year to year.

Assets

Different groups of investments such as company shares, bonds, commodities or property.

Bonds (or fixed income)

Types of investments that allow investors to loan money to governments and companies, usually in return for a regular fixed level of interest until the bond's maturity date, plus the return of the original value of the bond at the maturity date. The price of bonds will vary and the investment terms of bonds will also vary.

Capital

Describes financial assets, particularly cash, or other assets, such as shares, owned by a person or organisation.

Capital growth

The increase in the value of an asset or investment over time, measured by its current value compared to its purchase cost.

Collective Investment Schemes

A generic term for investment funds with more than one investor, such as unit trusts, Open Ended Investment Schemes (OEICs) and investment trusts.

Dividends

The portion of its capital that a company chooses to return to its shareholders. For a

fund or trust, this is the payment of fund's income to its shareholders.

Equities

Another name for shares (or stock) in a company.

FTSE 100 Put Option

A type of derivative contract in which the underlying value is based on the level of the FTSE 100 index which tracks the performance of the top 100 largest companies by market value listed on the London Stock Exchange. Such contracts can be used to protect the value of an underlying investment or group of investments against a fall in the value of those 100 largest companies and can be thought of as an insurance policy.

Gearing

The level of a company's debt in relation to its capital. A company with significant debt compared to its capital is considered to be highly geared.

Individual Savings Account (ISA)

A type of tax-free scheme, set up by the government, designed to help people make the most of their savings and investments. All income and gains from an ISA investment are exempt from UK Income Tax and Capital Gains Tax. HM Revenue and Customs sets the maximum amounts that you are allowed to invest into an ISA each tax year.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The total of a company's assets minus its liabilities. The net asset value per share is

the total of a company's assets minus its liabilities divided by the number of shares in issue.

Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF)

A measure of what it costs to invest in a fund over a year. It includes the fee paid to Premier Miton for the management of the fund (known as the annual management charge), with the remainder covering costs that have to be paid to external companies for other services relating to the ongoing administration and management of a fund, such as the fees paid to the depositary, custodian, regulator, auditor and administrator. The fee is deducted from the value of the fund and reflected in the fund's share price. The OCF is typically calculated once a year and can change from year to year.

Total return

A way of showing how an investment has performed, and is made-up of the capital appreciation or depreciation and includes any income generated by the investment. Measured over a set period, it is expressed as a percentage of the value of the investment at the start of that period.

Yield

The dividend per share divided by the stock's or fund's price per share and expressed as a percentage. The historic yield is the dividend income distributed during the past year and expressed as a percentage of the share price on a particular day.

Corporate contacts

Investment Manager

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Contact us

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A free, English language copy of the trust's full prospectus, the Key Information Document and Pre-investment Disclosure Document are available on the Premier Miton website, or you can request copies by calling us on 01483 306090.

For your protection, calls may be monitored and recorded for training and quality assurance purposes.

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